Commitment #11

Climate change challenges to be comprehensively incorporated in the National Environmental Policy and the Act in a participatory manner by the Ministry in charge of Environment

1 st March 2019– 31 st August 2021				
Lead implementing agency/actor	Ministry in charge of Environment			
Commitment description				
What is the public problem that the commitment will address?	Sri Lanka has been experiencing extreme weather conditions for the past decade or so and natural disasters such as prolonged droughts, flooding and landslides have become critical issues which are increasing with time. Climate related hazards are having a significant effect across the country, and particularly on poor communities in disaster-prone districts and the rural agricultural population. Loss of life and livelihood, property damage and displacement impose a strain on government finances which have been diverted to relief and recovery efforts at the cost of mid and long term development plans. Inappropriate planning processes where climate change aspects are not taken into consideration have led to the occurrence of some of the disasters. The existing National Environment Policy and the Act do not adequately address climate change concerns.			
What is the commitment?	The purpose of this commitment is to specifically address climate change aspects in the countryos National Environment Policy and Act and make recommendations for climate change adaptation and mitigation. The Ministry in charge of the subject of environment will consult with all stakeholders to review and revise the current National Environmental Policy and Act to specifically address climate change aspects and make recommendations for climate change adaptation and mitigation.			
How will the commitment contribute to solve the public problem?	Recognizing that the existing National Environment Policy and Act do not adequately address climate change concerns, this commitment will undertake to revise these instruments to comprehensively address climate change issues. Given the dangers of climate change, this will provide high level policy prioritization for environmental protection and disaster management that will reduce impacts especially on the poor and the vulnerable. Further, those engaged in planning and decision making need to be aware of how the climate will change in short, medium and long terms in order to decide on ways to overcome difficulties and avoid disasters.			
Why is this commitment relevant to OGP values?	This commitment promotes public participation as citizens are given a voice in government policy making and opportunities to provide inputs to government decisions that affect their lives.			
Additional information	Sri Lanka has fulfilled all requirements under the Montreal Protocol and action plans are prepared to address SDG 13 and other goals that directly and indirectly influence climate change. Sri Lanka also signed and ratified the Paris Agreement which strengthens global response to the threat of climate change. This commitment also strengthens and			

		promotes the implementation of the Disaster Management Act of 2005; the recommendations and commitments in the Draft Sustainable Sri Lanka: Vision & Strategic Path and the Vision 2025. Blue Green Development Strategy for sustainable development?			
Milestone Activity with a verifiable deliverable		Start Date:	End Date:		
1. Conduct wide stakeholder consultations to review the existing National Environmental Policy to identify gaps and areas of improvement to address climate change adaptation and mitigation.		March 2019	June 2019		
2. Formulate a new National Environmental Policy that will comprehensively address climate change aspects in a participatory manner.		July 2019	June 2020		
Contact information					
Name of responsible person from Mr Mahinda Gunaratne implementing agency					
Title, Department	:	Director (Policy Planning & Operations), Ministry of Mahaweli Development & Environment			
Email and Phone		Email: pmgun@gmail.com Tel: 01122034150 Mobile: 0715861297			
Other Actors Involved	State actors involved	Agencies under Ministry of Environment, Meteorological Department, Disaster Management Center, Institute of Policy Studies			
	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	Related civil society organisations			